

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

AQUACULTURE COLLABORATIVE RESEARCH SUPPORT PROGRAM



RESEARCH REPORTS

Sustainable Aquaculture for a Secure Future

Title: An Assessment of the Role of Buffalo Manure for Pond Culture of Tilapia. II. Field Trial

Author(s): Peter Edwards, Kamtorn Kaewpaitoon, and David C. Little
School of Environment, Resources and Development
Asian Institute of Technology
G.P.O. Box 2754, Bangkok, Thailand

Nipon Sirip
Provincial Fisheries Station
Udonthani, Thailand

Date: 15 February 2006

Publication Number: CRSP Research Report 94-A1

The CRSP will not be distributing this publication. Copies may be obtained by writing to the authors.

Abstract: Ten cooperating farmers in Northeast Thailand obtained a mean net yield of 1.8 tonnes/ha/yr of Nile tilapia (*Oreochromis niloticus*) in 200-m² ponds manured at a rate of 200 kg dry matter (DM)/ha/day. Farmers were enthusiastic about the trial but fish production was most inefficient. A mean of 4.0 tonnes of fresh manure was collected and loaded into the 200-m² pond over a 7-month period to yield only 20.7 kg of fish. Mean manure to fish conversion ratios were 195 and 34:1 on fresh and dry matter bases, respectively, with a dry matter conversion efficiency of manure to fish of <1%. Buffalo manure should not be recommended to farmers as a major pond fertilizer.

This abstract is excerpted from the original paper, which was in *Aquaculture*, 126:97–106.

CRSP RESEARCH REPORTS are published as occasional papers by the Program Management Office, Aquaculture Collaborative Research Support Program, Oregon State University, 418 Snell Hall, Corvallis, Oregon 97331-1643 USA. The Aquaculture CRSP is supported by the US Agency for International Development under CRSP Grant No.: LAG-G-00-96-90015-00. See the website at <pdacrsp.orest.edu>.