Notice of Publication



AQUAFISH COLLABORATIVE RESEARCH SUPPORT PROGRAM

RESEARCH REPORTS

Sustainable Aquaculture for a Secure Future

Title: Markets for Honduran tilapia

Author(s): Suyapa Trimino Meyer and Daniel E. Meyer

Aguaculture Outreach Program Panamerican Agriculture School

Zamorano P.O. Box 93 Tegucigalpa Honduras

Date: 24 August 2010 Publication Number: CRSP Research Report 10-260

The CRSP will not be distributing this publication. Copies may be obtained by writing to

the authors.

Abstract: The first reports of tilapia in Honduras date from the mid-1930s when broodstock of Java

tilapia (*Oreochromis mossambicus*) was introduced to Honduras from El Salvador. In 1955, the Honduran government, through the Secretariat of Natural Resources, created the Jesus de Otoro Aquaculture Station for the culture of freshwater shrimp (*Macrobrachium rosenbergii*). In 1958, because of various problems, this activity was discontinued. In 1968, the station resumed activities, this time oriented to the culture of tilapia. Two additional aquaculture stations were created by the government during the 1960s and 70s. The El Carao National Fish Culture Research Station was constructed in 1979. That station was utilized to initiate a national program of fish culture through extension programs and distribution of tilapia fingerlings to local farmers. The program focused on promoting subsistence-level fish culture throughout the country. Target groups included rural farmers and community organizations.

This abstract was excerpted from the original paper, which was published in World Aquaculture: 41(2):39-40,72, 2010.

CRSP RESEARCH REPORTS are published as occasional papers by the Management Entity, AquaFish Collaborative Research Support Program, Oregon State University, 418 Snell Hall, Corvallis, Oregon 97331-1643 USA. The AquaFish CRSP is supported by the US Agency for International Development under CRSP Grant No. EPP-A-00-06-00012-00. See the website at <aquafishcrsp.oregonstate.edu>.