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On the role of urea in pond fertilization.

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Abstract:

Two experiments were conducted to better understand the role of urea in pond fertilization. In Experiment 1, urea dissolved in pond water and incubated in aquaria at approximately 30°C disappeared at a rate of 303 μ g urea-N 1-1 day-1 under natural sunlight conditions, and 102 μ g urea-N 1-1 day-1 under dark conditions. Total alkalinity decreased in dark aquaria and increased in sun-exposed aquaria, consistent with stoichiometric expectations. Urea hydrolysis was negligible in distilled water exposed to light.

Experiment 2 was a toxicity test. Median lethal concentrations (LC_{50} 's) of urea at 24 and 96 h exposure were 19,700 mg 1⁻¹ and 16,800 mg 1⁻¹ for sex-reversed male Nile tilapia (*Oreochromis niloticus*) fingerlings, and 17,000 mg 1⁻¹ and 16,000 mg 1⁻¹ for silver barb (*Puntius gonionotus*) fingerlings respectively. All test fish survived 96-h exposure to 14,000 mg urea 1⁻¹, whereas no fish survived 48-h exposure to 22,000 mg urea 1⁻¹.

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